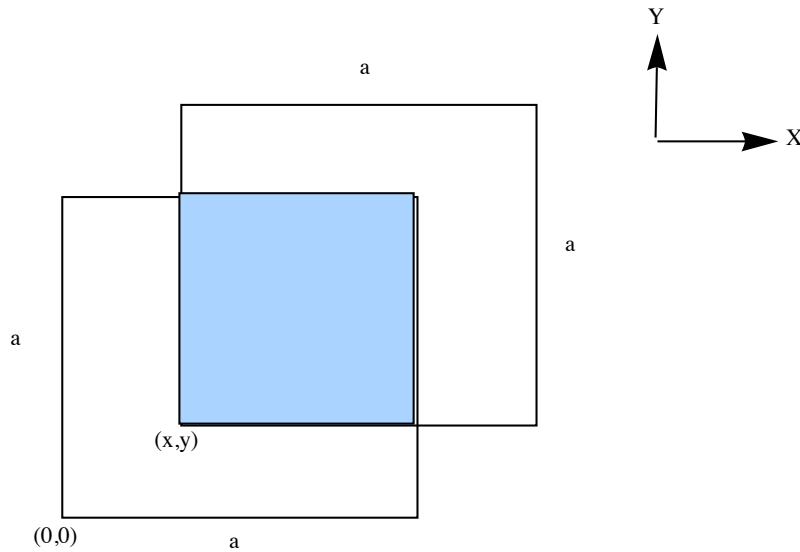


■ 0th Order Pointing Knowledge Calculation

Someone said yesterday that pointing should be to say, $\epsilon=100$ m for $a=1 \times 1$ k ground spot. I'll assume that the % area overlap between where you are pointing and where you think you are pointing is critical. Using a very simple minded model:



Assume simple square shape without projection distortion. We *think* spot has the lower left hand corner at (0,0), but it is actually at (x,y). So $\epsilon = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$. Here, ϵ =RMS of all error sources, SC and the instrument transform (rotational and displacement) to SC coordinates. For simplicity, I'll assume that $x=y$. Then $x = y = \frac{\epsilon}{\sqrt{2}}$.

```
In[3]:= N[100 / Sqrt[2]]
```

```
Out[3]= 70.7107
```

So the minimum dimension of the overlap is:

```
In[5]:= 1000 - 70.7
```

```
Out[5]= 929.3
```

or in %

```
In[10]:= ((929.3)^2 / 1000) 100
```

```
Out[10]= 86.3598
```

percent.

The requirement however is driven by the 250 m x 250 m case, the overlap dimension for 86% of a .25 k x .25 k square is:

```
In[23]:= Sqrt[.8635 * .250^2]
```

```
Out[23]= 0.232312
```

```
In[24]:= .250 -  $\sqrt{.8635 \times .250^2}$ 
Out[24]= 0.0176882
```

or 17.6m is the error for .25 k x .25 k that corresponds to a 100 m error at 1km. For 1 k x 1k the pointing error for 700 km altitude is:

```
In[21]:=  $\left( \frac{180}{\pi} \text{ArcTan} [.1 / 700] \right) 3600$ 
Out[21]= 29.4664
```

arcsec.

For the .25 x .25 case:

```
In[25]:=  $\left( \frac{180}{\pi} \text{ArcTan} [.0176 / 700] \right) 3600$ 
Out[25]= 5.18609
```